

# Preventing Extremism and Radicalisation Policy

# **SPAIN**

September 2022

This policy is applicable to all schools in Spain

Contact names	
Child Protection and Wellbeing	Abigail Kay
Coordinator	
Child Protection and Wellbeing	Ana Maria Lopez, Mercedes Lopez, Jessica
Coordinator	Puritz
Any other staff trained to DSL level	Sarah Ebery
Early Years Child Protection and	Abigail Kay
Wellbeing Coordinator	
Early Years Deputy Child Protection	Ana Maria Lopez
and Wellbeing Coordinator	
Head	Sarah Ebery
Chair of Governors	Germá Rigau Domingúez

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Third party contacts	
Our school follows the safeguarding	I Social Services/Safeguarding Partners.
protocols and procedures of our	Comunidad de Madrid - protocolos y
safeguarding children board (LSCB)	procedimientos
Local Authority children's social care	Calle Antonio Machado 22 – 28035 – Madrid Tel
referral team(s)	91 373 02 24
Local Authority Prevent Lead	
[Local Authority] Designated Officer for	Calle Buitrago de Lozoya 22 – 28035 – Madrid Tel
child protection	91 128 09 95
'	
Local Authority's out of hours contact	Unidad de atención a la Familia y el Menor (UFAM)
numbers	Servicio de 24 horas 913223555
Where there is a risk of immediate serious harm to a child a referral should be made to	
children's social care immediately by the	Child Protection and Wellbeing Coordinator. If a
child is in immediate danger, ring 112.	_
Local Police Emergency	112
Local Police Non-emergency	091
	Grupo de Menores de la Policía (GRUME)
	Agentes Tutores
	Calle Francisco y Jacinto Alcántara 2- 28008 -
	Madrid Tel 91 758 46 24

National contacts	
NSPCC 24/7 Helpline/textline	Tel: 0808 800 5000/88858
·	Email: help@nspcc.org.uk
DfE Prevent Helpline	Tel: 020 7340 7264 (non-emergency)
for schools & parents	Email: Counter.extremism@education.gsi.gov.uk
The Lucy Faithfull Foundation (LFF)	Tel: 0800 1000 900
	Email: help@stopitnow.org.uk
	www.parentsprotect.co.uk
National Bullying Helpline	Tel: 0845 22 55 787

See Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy and Procedure for further sources of support and advice.

# 1 Purpose

- 1.1. This Safeguarding: Preventing Extremism and Radicalisation Policy is part of our commitment to keeping children safe. In 2015, the *Ministerio del Interior* in Spain approved the «*Plan Estratégico Nacional de Lucha contra la Radicalización Violenta*» (National Plan Against Radicalisation). This Plan is coordinated by the National Group Against Violent radicalisation, comprised of twelve ministerial departments, the CNI, the Federation of Municipalities and Provinces, as well as other official departments. The national group coordinates local groups comprised of local Police, Town halls, schools, Social Services and at-risk groups. The national and local groups are at an early stage of implementation and there is not specific protocol which schools should follow. As a result of this, school's obligations lie within their broader responsibilities under Article 13 of the Ley Orgánica (LO 1/1996) which states schools must communicate cases of suspected abuse or neglect. This law states that "any person or authority, and especially those in certain professions or roles, detecting a situation of suspected risk or neglect of a minor, must communicate the matter to the nearest authority, without prejudice to providing immediate assistance if required".
  - 1.2 Schools have an important part to play in both educating children and young people about extremism and recognising when pupils start to become radicalised. In keeping with BSO Standard expectations, from 1 July 2015, schools became subject to a duty under section 26 of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 ("CTSA 2015") in exercising their functions, "...to have due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism".
  - 1.3 Safeguarding children from all risks of harm, including those children in the EYFS is an important part of a school's work and protecting them from extremism is one aspect of that. The duty to prevent children and young people being radicalised is set out in the following documents:
    - Ley Orgánica 2/2015, de 30 de marzo, por la que se modifica la Ley Orgánica 10/1995, de 23 de noviembre, del Código Penal, en materia de delitos de terrorismo.
    - Ley Orgánica 4/2015, de 30 de marzo, de protección de la seguridad ciudadana.
    - Counter Terrorism & Security Act (2015, as amended)
    - Keeping Children Safe in Education (2022, as amended)
    - Working Together to Safeguard Children (March 2015, as amended)
    - Prevent Duty Guidance: for England and Wales (March 2015) Revised July 2015 and (as amended)
    - The Prevent Duty: Departmental advice for schools and childminders (June 2015, as amended)
    - The Use of Social Media for on-line radicalisation (July 2015, as amended)

# 1.4 Non-statutory guidance

 Promoting fundamental British values as part of SMSC in schools: Departmental advice for maintained schools (DfE 2014, as amended)

- Improving the spiritual, moral, social and cultural (SMSC) development of pupils: supplementary information (DfE 2014, as amended)
- How Social Media is used to encourage travel to Syria and Iraq (Home Office)

#### 2 Ethos

2.1 We ensure that through our school vision, aims, rules, diverse curriculum and teaching, we promote tolerance and respect for all cultures, faiths and lifestyles. The European Director of Education, on behalf of the proprietor, ensures that this ethos is reflected and implemented effectively in school policy and practice and that there are effective risk assessments in place to safeguard and promote pupils' welfare.

#### 3 Risk Assessment

- 3.1 We assess the risk of radicalisation to be low.
- 3.2 We will carry out an annual risk assessment which will identify the risk of pupils being drawn into terrorism or extremism. This risk assessment will look at the general risks affecting children and young people in the local area and the specific risks which may affect groups or individuals within the school, and it will propose measures to mitigate and manage these risks.

# 4 Responsibilities and Training

4.1 The European Director of Education, on behalf of the proprietor, will liaise with the Head and the Child Protection and Wellbeing Coordinator on matters relating to the Prevent duty and will monitor and evaluate the school's compliance with this duty, primarily by way of updates from the Child Protection and Wellbeing Coordinator. The proprietor will conduct an annual review of safeguarding, which includes the school's compliance with its Prevent Duty.

# 4.2 The proprietor will:

- Ensure that this policy is understood and effectively implemented by staff throughout the school:
- Ensure that the Child Protection and Wellbeing Coordinator undergoes appropriate Prevent duty training; and
- Ensure that the school's Prevent policies and procedures and general safeguarding arrangements take into account the policies and procedures of local authorities..

# 4.3 The Child Protection and Wellbeing Coordinator will:

- Be the single point of contact to oversee and coordinate the school's implementation of the Prevent duty;
- Undertake prevent awareness training, such as the on-line general awareness training module on Channel - WRAP (Workshop to Raise Awareness of Prevent);
- Undertake higher level training in the LSCB's Prevent strategy to be able to assess the risk of children being drawn into terrorism, including being drawn into support for the extremist ideas that are part of terrorist ideology;
- Provide Prevent duty training to all staff so that they (a) understand the general risks affecting pupils at the school; (b) are able to identify individual children who might be at risk of radicalisation; and (c) know what to do to support these children;

- Provide advice and support to other members of staff on protecting pupils from the risk of radicalisation;
- Liaise with the European Director of Education and local partners, including the police and the local agencies, to establish what advice and support they can provide and to seek guidance on the general levels of risk within the local area;
- Have responsibility for ensuring that any visiting speakers whether invited by staff or pupils are suitable and are appropriately supervised (see below);
- Receive safeguarding concerns about children and young people who may be vulnerable;
- Work in partnership with the LSCB on all matters covered by this policy and the School will follow any locally agreed procedures which are set out by the LSCB.
- Report concerns to the European Director of Education.

# 4.4 All staff will:

- As part of the Safeguarding induction and annual refresher/inset programme, undergo training so that staff have the knowledge and confidence to be able to (a) understand the general risks of radicalisation affecting pupils at the School; (b) identify individual children who might be at risk of radicalisation (see Paragraph 8 below) and spot signs of extremism (see paragraph 9 below); (c) challenge extremist views; and (d) provide appropriate advice to children who are at risk of radicalisation.
- Be alert to changes in children's behaviour which could indicate that they may be in need of help or protection.
- Use their professional judgement in identifying children who might be at risk of radicalisation and act proportionately.

#### **5** Referral Process

- 5.1 All staff and visitors to the school must refer all concerns about children and young people who show signs of vulnerability to radicalisation to the Child Protection and Wellbeing Coordinator or, in their absence, to the Deputy Child Protection and Wellbeing Coordinator. For further details about safeguarding referrals, please see the school's Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy and Procedures, which can be found on the school website.
- 5.2 If the Child Protection and Wellbeing Coordinator becomes aware of a concern relating to the radicalisation of a pupil, he or she will discuss this with the Head so that appropriate actions can be taken to safeguard the pupil and appropriate referrals can be made.

#### 6 Curriculum

- 6.1 We are committed to ensuring that our pupils are offered a broad and balanced curriculum that aims to prepare them for life in modern Britain. We encourage our pupils to be inquisitive learners who are open to new experiences and are tolerant of others.
- 6.2 Our values support the development of the whole child as a reflective learner within a calm, caring, happy and purposeful atmosphere. Teaching the school's core values alongside the fundamental British values supports quality teaching and learning, whilst making a positive contribution to the development of a fair, just and civil society.

- 6.3 We aim to provide a safe space in which pupils can understand the risks associated with terrorism and develop the knowledge, skills and confidence to be able to challenge extremist views. We will include opportunities in the curriculum for pupils to build resilience to pressure and to develop the skills they need to recognise and stay safe from abuse and radicalisation. In particular:
  - PSHEE lessons will be used along with tutor periods/form periods to teach pupils to understand and manage risks associated with terrorism and radicalisation, resist pressure, make safer choices and seek help if necessary.
  - By promoting values such as tolerance and respect as indicated above.
- 6.4 Through citizenship, religious education and other relevant subject syllabus with focus on democracy, diversity, mutual respect and managing debates around contentious issues.

# 7 Digital Safety

- 7.1 The internet provides children and young people with access to a wide range of content, some of which is harmful. Extremists use the internet, including social media, to share their messages. The filtering systems used in our school block inappropriate content, including extremist content.
- 7.2 Pupils will be taught how to stay safe online, both in school and outside school. They will be taught to understand the risks posed by adults or young people who use the internet and social media to groom, abuse or radicalise other people, especially children, young people and vulnerable adults.
- 7.3 Web filtering is active in every school which includes preventing access to the following:

# For staff and pupils

- Sites that offer information about or promote or are sponsored by groups advocating antigovernment beliefs or action.
- Sites that condone intolerance towards any individual or group.

#### For pupils

- 7.3.1 Sites of web communities that provide users with means for expression and interaction.
- 7.3.2 Messaging and social media sites.
- 7.4 Further information about categories of blocked sites can be given by the Cognita IT team and staff are directed towards the school Digital Safety Policy for further detail.

# 8 Visitors and Visiting Speakers

8.1 The Child Protection and Wellbeing Coordinator has responsibility for ensuring that all visitors and visiting speakers, whether invited by staff or pupils, are suitable and appropriately supervised. Where appropriate, the Child Protection and Wellbeing Coordinator will make enquiries of the agency/person who introduced the individual to the school and/or will conduct an internet search against the individual's name. It is school policy that visitors will always be supervised when working with pupils. Checks on visiting speakers will be recorded on the SCR either as checks as staff (paid) or as volunteers.

# 9 Signs of Vulnerability

- 9.1 There are no known definitive indicators that a young person is vulnerable to radicalisation, but there are a number of signs that together increase the risk. Signs of vulnerability include:
  - underachievement;
  - being in possession of extremist literature;
  - poverty;
  - social exclusion:
  - traumatic events;
  - global or national events;
  - religious conversion;
  - change in behaviour;
  - extremist influences;
  - conflict with family over lifestyle;
  - confused identity;
  - victim or witness to race or hate crimes; and
  - rejection by peers, family, social groups or faith.

# 10 Recognising Extremism

- 10.1 A part of our wider safeguarding responsibilities to identify signs of abuse, we will be alert to early indicators of radicalisation or extremism which may include:
  - showing sympathy for extremist causes
  - glorifying violence, especially to other faiths or cultures;
  - making remarks or comments about being at extremist events or rallies outside school;
  - evidence of possession illegal or extremist literature;
  - advocating messages similar to illegal organisations or other extremist groups;
  - out of character changes in dress, behaviour and peer relationships (but there are also very powerful narratives, programmes and networks that young people can come across online so involvement with particular groups may not be apparent);
  - secretive behaviour:
  - online searches or sharing extremist messages or social profiles;
  - intolerance of difference, including faith, culture, gender, race or sexuality;
  - graffiti, artwork or writing that displays extremist themes;
  - attempts to impose extremist views or practices on others;
  - verbalising anti-Western or anti-British views; and
  - advocating violence towards others.

#### 11 Channel

11.1 Channel is a programme which focuses on providing support at an early stage to people who are identified as being vulnerable to being drawn into terrorism.. An individual's engagement with the programme is entirely voluntary at all stages. In Spain, schools with a concern can contact the Guardia Civil. Further information about situations of potential radicalisation can be found at <a href="https://stop-radicalismos.ses.mir.es/stop/FormServlet">https://stop-radicalismos.ses.mir.es/stop/FormServlet</a>

#### 12 Monitoring and Review

- 12.1 This policy will be reviewed by the Head and the Child Protection and Wellbeing Coordinator annually.
- 12.2 The effectiveness and implementation of this policy will be monitored by the Proprietor's Safeguarding Reviewer who will carry out an annual review for this purpose.

# **Preventing Extremism and Radicalisation Policy**

12.3 Where staff, pupils or visitors find unblocked extremist content they must report it to the Child Protection and Wellbeing Coordinator who will in turn discuss it with the Head. We are aware that children and young people have access to unfiltered internet when using their mobile phones and staff are alert to the need for vigilance when pupils are using their phones.

Ownership and consultation	
Document sponsor (role)	Group Director of Education
Document author (name)	Marian Harker, QA Officer
Specialist advice	Farrers (21.09.2015, on original policy)
Reviewed and updated	Alison Barnett – RSL June 2022

Audience	
Audience	All school staff

Document application and publication	
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Wales	No
Spain	Yes
Switzerland	No
Italy	No

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Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy and Procedure Acceptable Use & Digital Safety Policy Anti-Bullying Policy Admission, Attendance and Children Missing from Education Policy Equality and Diversity Policy School Behaviour Policy Code of Conduct Whistleblowing Policy Curriculum Policy